

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifierProduct namePROSIL 60 100% NEUTRAL CURE SILICONESynonym(s)1A105160 - PROSIL 60 ALUMINIUM, 300GM CARTRIDGE • 1A105180 - PROSIL 60 BLACK,
300GM CARTRIDGE • 1A105220 – PROSIL 60 LIGHT GREY, 300GM CARTRIDGE • 1A105200 - PROSIL 60
LIGHT GREY, 600GM SAUSAGE • 1A105260 - PROSIL 60 TRANSLUCENT, 300GM CARTRIDGE •
1A105264 - PROSIL 60 TRANSLUCENT, 600GM SAUSAGE • 1A105280 - PROSIL 60 WHITE, 300GM
CARTRIDGE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) GENERAL PURPOSE SILICONE SEALANT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	ADMIL	ADHESI	VES P	TY LTD			
Address	80-84	Peters	Ave,	Mulgrave	VIC	3170,	AUSTRALIA
Telephone	+61 3 9558 6302						
Email	support@silicone.com.au						
Website	www.silicone.com.au						
1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)							
Emergency	13 11 2	6					
Website <u>1.4 Emergency telepho</u>	www.silicone.com.au						

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Skin Sensitisation: Category 1B Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

2.2 Label elements



Signal wo	rd WARNING Pictogram(s) Hazard statement(s)
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation. Prevention statement(s)
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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Response statement(s)

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.		
P305 + P351 + P338 IF	IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.		
	Continue rinsing.		
P321	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.		
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.		
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
Storage statement(s)			
None allocated.			
Disposal statement(s)			
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.		
2.3 Other hazards No			

information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ADDITIVE(S)	-	-	Remainder
METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME	96-29-7	202-496-6	<1%
N-(3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL)ETHYLENEDIAMINE	1760-24-3	217-164-6	<1%
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE	556-67-2	209-136-7	<0.2%
METHYLTRI(ETHYLMETHYLKETOXIME)SILANE	22984-54-9	245-366-4	1 to 3%
VINYLTRI(METHYLETHYLKETOXIME)SILANE	2224-33-1	218-747-8	1 to 3%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

<u>4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</u> Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways. Issued by: Admil Adhesives Pty Ltd

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May evolve nitrogen oxides and formaldehyde when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code None

allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear Personal

Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

If spilt, collect and reuse where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems.

7.3 Specific end use(s) No

information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / FaceWear splash-proof goggles.HandsWear PVC or rubber gloves. With prolonged use, wear viton (R) gloves.

Body Respiratory With prolonged use, wear coveralls. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

OdourOXIME ODOURFlammabilityCOMBUSTIBLEFlash point96°C (cc)Boiling pointNOT AVAILABLEMelting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rate< 1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Flash point96°C (cc)Boiling pointNOT AVAILABLEMelting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rate< 1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Boiling pointNOT AVAILABLEMelting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rate< 1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Melting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rate< 1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation rate pH< 1 (Butyl acetate = 1) NOT AVAILABLE
pH NOT AVAILABLE
F
Vapour density > 1 (Air = 1)
Specific gravity 1.03
Solubility (water) INSOLUBLE
Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE
Lower explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE
Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Methyl ethyl ketoxime may be formed during curing.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid exposure to moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources. Incompatible with water or moisture.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve nitrogen oxides and formaldehyde when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not classified as causing aspiration.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Information available for the product: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient		Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity (LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)
METHYL ETHYL KE	METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME		200 uL/kg (rabbit)	
N-(3- (TRIMETHOXYSILYI IAMINE	_)PROPYL)ETHYLENED	7460 mg/kg (rat)		
OCTAMETHYLCYCL	OTETRASILOXANE	1540 mg/kg (rat)	1770 mg/kg (rat)	
Skin Eye Sensitisation Mutagenicity	Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May cause an allergic skin reaction. This product is not classified as a respiratory sensitiser. Not classified as a mutagen.			sensitiser.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen. Methyl ethyl ketoxime may be evolved during curing or upon contact with water Methyl ethyl ketoxime is suspected of causing cancer.			
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.			
STOT – single exposure	Over exposure to vapours may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea and headache.			
STOT – repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.			

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Aspiration

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability No

information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No

information provided.

<u>12.4 Mobility in soil</u> No information

provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects No

information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. For large quantities, contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result. **Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME PROSIL 60 100% NEUTRAL CURE SILICONE NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards

No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user Hazchem

code: None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison schedule		A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).		
Classifications	Safework Au of Chemicals	Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling als.		
		cations and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].		
Hazard codes	Xi	Irritant		
Risk phrases	R36 R43	Irritating to eyes. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.		
Safety phrases	S13 S23 S26 S36/37/39	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable). In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.		
Inventory listing(s)		A: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All are listed on AICS, or are exempt.		

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information SILICONE SEALANTS: Toxic vapours released upon curing may result in eye and respiratory tract irritation. A hazard exists when high concentrations are generated in poorly ventilated areas. Once curing is complete, irritating or toxic vapours should no longer be evolved and therefore an inhalation hazard is no longer anticipated. In this cured state the sealant is considered inert and relatively non toxic.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
	CNS	Central Nervous System
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System
	GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
	LD50 Lethal I	Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose mg/m ³
	Milligrams p	er Cubic Metre OEL Occupational
	Exposure Lim	it
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
	ppm Pa	arts Per Million STEL
	Short-Term	n Exposure Limit
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	SWA	Safe Work Australia
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
	TWA	Time Weighted Average

The details in this document are based on the state of our knowledge at the time of revision. They do not constitute an assurance of the described product properties in terms of statutory warranty requirements.

The providing of this document to a recipient does not relieve the recipient of his or her responsibility toward compliance with all laws and stipulations applicable to the product. This applies in particular to the further sale or distribution of the product or substances or items containing the product, in other jurisdictions and with regard to the protection of third-party intellectual property rights. If the described product is processed or mixed with other substances or materials, the details stated in this document cannot be conferred to the resultant new product unless this has been expressly mentioned. If the product is repackaged, the recipient is obligated to additionally provide the required safety-related information.

Revision information

Product and Company identification	
Composition/Information on Ingredients	: Additional Components
Physical & Chemical Properties	: Multiple Properties
Toxicological Information	: Toxicological Data
Ecological Information	: Eco Toxicity
Regulatory Information	: Regulatory Inventories
Haz Reg Data	: International Inventories
GHS	: Classification
Reason for issue	: GHS Update
References	: Supplier material safety data sheets
Version	: Version No. 6
Previous issue	: Version No. 5

- End of Safety Data Sheet -